## **Attorney General Opinions**

## ATTORNEY GENERAL OPINIONS

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Issued from January 31, 1995, through February 23, 1995

I95-002 (R94-61a) 1/31/95 (School District Opinion)
The Auditor General's construction of

A. R. S. § 15-910(G) in U.S.F.R. Memorandum No. 108 (prescribing the requirements for documented reduction of utility expenditures for budget exemptions) is binding upon a district and is consistent with the language in A.R.S. § 15-910 and Laws 1994, Ch. 254, Section 2. [Auditor General; Capital Outlay; Schools and School Districts: budgets; ARS15-271; ARS15-271(C)(4); ARS15-271(C)(6)(b); ARS15-910; ARS15-910(G); LAWS1994 CH254; LAWS1994CH254SEC1; LAWS

1994CH254SEC2; AG93-008]

I95-003 (R94-35) 2/7/95 (School District Opinion)

A school district cannot grant academic credit to students for attending religious seminary classes during release time without violating the Establishment Clause of the United States Constitution. A district may not continue its practice of granting credits for attendance at off-campus seminary classes for students who are currently juniors or seniors. Reducing the credits needed for graduation for all students may be a reasonable alternative to phasing out the current practice. [Constitutional Law: education; Schools and School Districts: academic requirements; Schools and School Districts: boards, powers and duties; Schools and School Districts: religion; ARS15-701.01]

195-004 (R94- 60) 2/9/95 (Game and Fish Department)

A person may not use devices banned by A.R.S. § 17-301(D) even if those devices were formerly permitted to alleviate property damage under A.R.S. § 17-239 or to prevent livestock losses. A.R.S. § 17-301(D) is controlling because it is the most recent, specific statute on the subject of permissible methods of taking wildlife. The use of devices listed in A.R.S. § 17-301(D)(1) are banned on public land

unless one of the exceptions in A.R.S. § 17-301(D)(2) applies. [Game and Fish Department; Public Lands; Statutory Interpretation; AZCARTIVPT1SEC1(1); AZCARTIVPT1SEC1(2); ARS17-101(B)(5); ARS17-239; ARS17-239(A); ARS17-239(B); ARS17-301(D)(2); ARS17-301(D)(1); ARS17-301(D)(2); ARS17-302; ARS17-302(A)(2); ARS17-302(B)]

I95-005 (R94-61) 2/16/95 (School District Opinion)

Because the Legislature allows school districts to maintain special schools during vacation but has not authorized districts to charge fees for those special schools, a school district may not lawfully charge students to participate in its intersession enrichment classes program unless the program qualifies as a community school program under A.R.S. § 15-1141(3). [Schools and School Districts: boards, powers and duties; Schools and School Districts: community school programs; Schools and School Districts: tuition;

ARS15-342(4);

1141-ARS15-1143; AG88-095]

I95-006 (R94-60a) 2/23/95

(School District Opinion)

ARS15-341(A)(2);

If a band class is offered by a school district for credit and every student enrolled in the band class must play an instrument to complete the class successfully, then the district must provide the instruments for them to play. A district's requirement that each student purchase or rent an instrument has no statutory authorization.

ARS15-1105; ARS15-1105(E); ARS15-

A.R.S. § 1-244 applies to statutes, not to questions regarding the effect of Attorney General opinions. [Attorney General: opinions; Schools and School Districts: pupils, general requirements; Statutory Interpretation; ARS1-244; ARS15-381; AG94-004]